

## 2. Rosin - Rammler Distribution

$$R(x) = 1 - F(x) = e^{-\left(\frac{x}{b}\right)^n}$$

$$\ln(R(x)) = \ln e^{-\left(\frac{x}{b}\right)^n}$$

$$\log[\ln R(x)^{-1}] = n \log\left(\frac{x}{b}\right)$$

$$\therefore \log[\ln R(x)^{-1}] = n \log x - n \log b$$

$$(Y = aX + b)$$

$$* R(x)_{x=b} = e^{-1} \approx 0.368$$

Where,

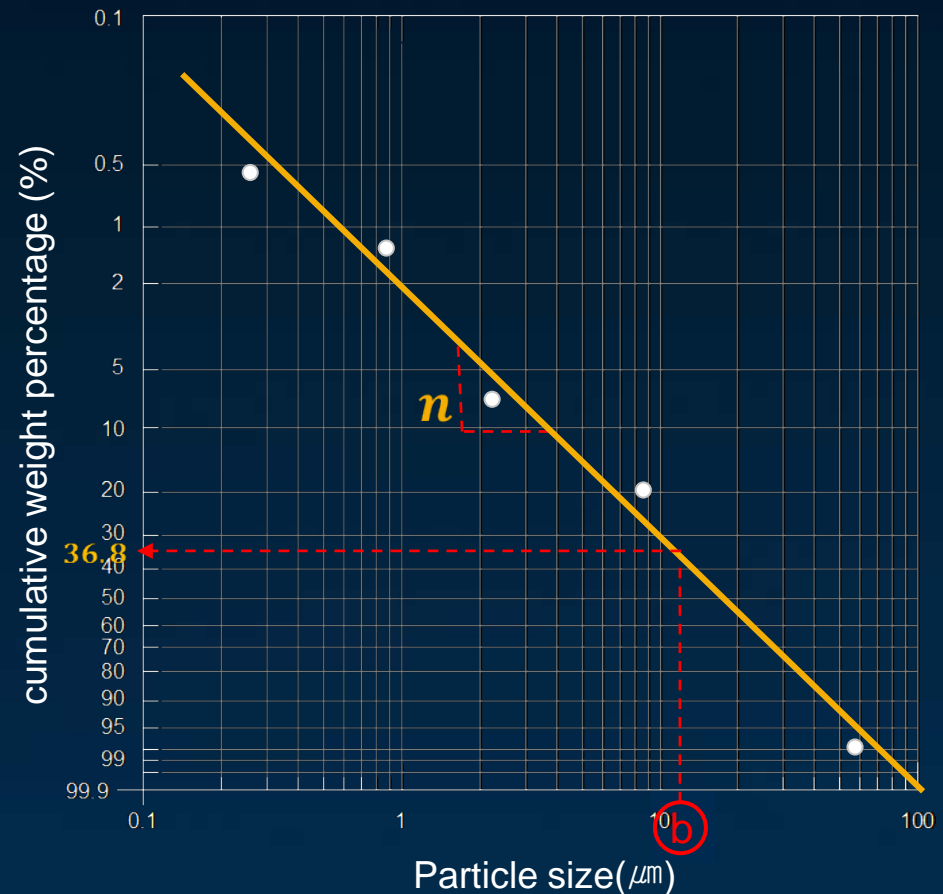
$F(x)$  : the cumulative undersize in percent

$R(x)$  : the cumulative oversize in percent

$b, n$  : constant

$x$  : particle size

“The particle size distribution follows the **Rosin-Rammler distribution** with  $b=b_1$  and  $n=n_1$ ”



### 3. Gates - Gaudin - Schuhmann Distribution

$$F(x) = \left(\frac{x}{k}\right)^\alpha$$

$$\log F(x) = \alpha \log x + \text{Constant}$$

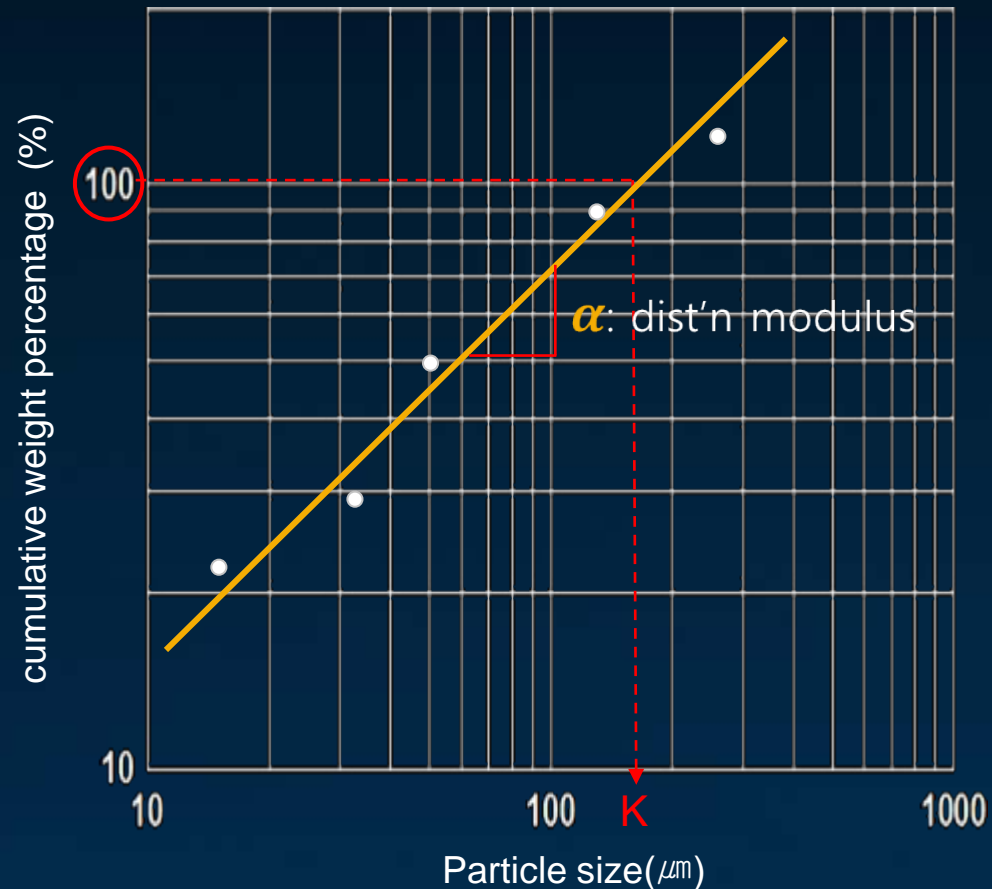
$$* F(x)_{x=k} = 1$$

Where,

**k**: size modulus

**$\alpha$** : distribution modulus

“The particle size distribution follows the **Gates-Gaudin-Schuhmann distribution** with  $\alpha = \alpha_1$  and  $k = k_1$ ”



**k**: size modulus